

RESOLUTION NO. 2022-10-02

**RESOLUTION TO ADOPT BUDGET AND APPROPRIATE SUMS OF MONEY
RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF HOMETOWN
METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2, JEFFERSON COUNTY, COLORADO,
PURSUANT TO SECTION 29-1-108, C.R.S., SUMMARIZING EXPENDITURES AND
REVENUES FOR EACH FUND, ADOPTING A BUDGET AND APPROPRIATING
SUMS OF MONEY FOR THE BUDGET YEAR 2023**

A. The Board of Directors of Hometown Metropolitan District No. 2 (the “**District**”) has appointed Simmons & Wheeler, P.C. to prepare and submit a proposed budget to said governing body at the proper time.

B. Simmons & Wheeler, P.C. has submitted a proposed budget to this governing body on October 15, 2022 for its consideration.

C. Upon due and proper notice, published or posted in accordance with the law, said proposed budget was open for inspection by the public at a designated place, a public hearing was held on October 24, 2022, and interested taxpayers were given the opportunity to file or register any objections to said proposed budget.

D. The budget has been prepared to comply with all terms, limitations and exemptions, including, but not limited to, reserve transfers and expenditure exemptions, under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution (“**TABOR**”) and other laws or obligations which are applicable to or binding upon the District.

E. Whatever increases may have been made in the expenditures, like increases were added to the revenues so that the budget remains in balance, as required by law.

F. The Board of Directors has made provision therein for revenues in an amount equal to or greater than the total proposed expenditures as set forth in said budget.

G. It is not only required by law, but also necessary to appropriate the revenues provided in the budget to and for the purposes described below, thereby establishing a limitation on expenditures for the operations of the District.

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF
HOMETOWN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2, JEFFERSON COUNTY, COLORADO:**

1. The budget, as submitted, amended, and summarized by fund, is hereby approved and adopted as the budget of the District for the year stated above.

2. The budget is hereby approved and adopted, shall be certified by the Secretary of the District to all appropriate agencies and is made a part of the public records of the District.

3. The sums set forth as the total expenditures of each fund in the budget attached hereto as **Exhibit A** and incorporated herein by reference are hereby appropriated from the revenues of each fund, within each fund, for the purposes stated.

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

**[SIGNATURE PAGE TO RESOLUTION TO ADOPT
BUDGET AND APPROPRIATE SUMS OF MONEY]**

RESOLUTION APPROVED AND ADOPTED on October 24, 2022.

**HOMETOWN METROPOLITAN
DISTRICT NO. 2**

By: *Audrey Spaen*
President

Attest:

By: *Matthew Smith*
Secretary

EXHIBIT A

Budget

HOMETOWN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
2023
BUDGET MESSAGE

Attached please find a copy of the adopted 2023 budget for Hometown Metropolitan District No. 2.

The Hometown Metropolitan District No. 2 has adopted a budget for two funds, a General Fund to provide for general operating expenditures and transfers to the Debt Service Fund; and a Debt Service Fund to provide for payments on the outstanding general obligation bonds.

The district's accountants have utilized the modified accrual basis of accounting and the budget has been adopted after proper postings, publications, and public hearing.

The primary source of revenue for the district in 2023 will be property taxes and specific ownership taxes. The district intends to impose a 30.000 mill levy on the property within the district in 2023, of which 10.000 mills will be dedicated to the General Fund and the balance of 20.000 mills will be allocated to the Debt Service Fund.

Hometown Metropolitan District No. 2
Adopted Budget
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Actual <u>2021</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2022</u>	Actual <u>6/30/2022</u>	Estimate <u>2022</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>
Beginning fund balance	\$ 15,436	\$ 26,131	\$ 24,004	\$ 24,004	\$ 17,095
Revenues:					
Property taxes	26,752	27,949	27,512	27,949	27,081
Ownership taxes	2,047	1,398	937	1,398	1,354
Interest income	<u>83</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>181</u>	<u>350</u>	<u>500</u>
Total revenues	<u>28,882</u>	<u>29,847</u>	<u>28,630</u>	<u>29,697</u>	<u>28,935</u>
Total funds available	<u>44,318</u>	<u>55,978</u>	<u>52,634</u>	<u>53,701</u>	<u>46,030</u>
Expenditures:					
Legal	10,325	7,000	4,903	8,000	11,000
Accounting	2,591	3,000	1,401	3,000	4,000
Audit	3,500	-	-	-	4,000
Insurance	3,265	3,500	2,967	2,967	4,000
Directors fees	200	300	-	200	300
Election expense	-	5,000	3,339	3,339	6,000
Miscellaneous	30	100	20	100	200
Treasurer's fees	402	419	1,913	4,000	406
Contingency	-	21,079	-	-	227
Transfer to Debt Service fund	-	15,000	-	15,000	15,000
Emergency reserve	<u>-</u>	<u>580</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>897</u>
Total expenditures	<u>20,313</u>	<u>55,978</u>	<u>14,543</u>	<u>36,606</u>	<u>46,030</u>
Ending fund balance	<u>\$ 24,005</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 38,091</u>	<u>\$ 17,095</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Assessed value		<u>\$ 2,794,935</u>			<u>\$ 2,708,095</u>
Mill levy		<u>10.000</u>			<u>10.000</u>

Hometown Metropolitan District No. 2
Adopted Budget
Debt Service Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Actual <u>2021</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2022</u>	Actual <u>6/30/2022</u>	Estimate <u>2022</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>
Beginning fund balance	\$ <u>112,725</u>	\$ <u>98,240</u>	\$ <u>98,240</u>	\$ <u>98,240</u>	\$ <u>94,383</u>
Revenues:					
Property taxes	53,503	55,899	55,023	55,023	54,162
Ownership taxes	4,094	2,795	1,875	2,795	2,708
Transfer from General Fund	-	15,000	-	15,000	15,000
Interest income	<u>110</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>86</u>	<u>350</u>	<u>499</u>
Total revenues	<u>57,707</u>	<u>74,194</u>	<u>56,984</u>	<u>73,168</u>	<u>72,369</u>
Total funds available	<u>170,432</u>	<u>172,434</u>	<u>155,224</u>	<u>171,408</u>	<u>166,752</u>
Expenditures:					
Bond interest	44,888	43,200	21,600	43,200	41,175
Bond principal	25,000	30,000	-	30,000	30,000
Paying agent fees	1,500	3,000	-	3,000	3,000
Treasurer's fees	<u>804</u>	<u>838</u>	<u>825</u>	<u>825</u>	<u>812</u>
Total expenditures	<u>72,192</u>	<u>77,038</u>	<u>22,425</u>	<u>77,025</u>	<u>74,987</u>
Ending fund balance	\$ <u><u>98,240</u></u>	\$ <u><u>95,396</u></u>	\$ <u><u>132,799</u></u>	\$ <u><u>94,383</u></u>	\$ <u><u>91,765</u></u>
Assessed value		\$ <u><u>2,794,935</u></u>			\$ <u><u>2,708,095</u></u>
Mill levy		<u><u>20.000</u></u>			<u><u>20.000</u></u>
Total levy		<u><u>30.000</u></u>			<u><u>30.000</u></u>

I, Matt Smith, hereby certify that I am the duly appointed Secretary of the Hometown Metropolitan District No. 2, and that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the budget for the budget year 2023, duly adopted at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hometown Metropolitan District No. 2 held on October 24, 2022.

Matthew Smith

Secretary

RESOLUTION NO. 2022-10-03

RESOLUTION TO SET MILL LEVIES

**RESOLUTION OF THE HOMETOWN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 LEVYING
GENERAL PROPERTY TAXES, PURSUANT TO SECTION 39-1-111, C.R.S., FOR THE
YEAR 2022, TO HELP DEFRAY THE COSTS OF GOVERNMENT FOR THE 2023
BUDGET YEAR**

A. The Board of Directors of the Hometown Metropolitan District No. 2 (the “**District**”) has adopted an annual budget in accordance with the Local Government Budget Law, on October 24, 2022.

B. The adopted budget is attached as Exhibit A to the Resolution of the Board of Directors of the District to Adopt Budget and Appropriate Sums of Money, and such budget is incorporated herein by this reference.

C. The amount of money necessary to balance the budget for general fund expenses from property tax revenue is identified in the budget.

D. The amount of money necessary to balance the budget for debt service fund expenses from property tax revenue is identified in the budget.

NOW, THEREFORE, PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 39-1-111(5) and 39-5-128(1), C.R.S., BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Directors of the Hometown Metropolitan District No. 2, Jefferson County, Colorado, that:

1. For the purpose of meeting all general operating expenses of the District during the 2023 budget year, the District determined to levy mills upon each dollar of the total valuation for assessment of all taxable property within the District, as set forth in the budget, to raise the required revenue.

2. That for the purpose of meeting all debt retirement expenses of the District during the 2023 budget year, the District determined to levy mills upon each dollar of the total valuation for assessment of all taxable property within the District, as set forth in the budget, to raise the required revenue.

3. That for the purpose of meeting all contractual obligation expenses of the District during the 2023 budget year, the District determined to levy mills upon each dollar of the total valuation for assessment of all taxable property within the District, as set forth in the budget, to raise the required revenue.

4. That the Secretary is hereby authorized and directed to immediately certify to the Board of County Commissioners of Jefferson County, Colorado, the mill levies for the District as set forth in the District’s Certification of Mill Levies, attached hereto as **Exhibit 1** and incorporated herein by reference, recalculated as needed upon receipt of the final certification of valuation from the County Assessor in order to comply with any applicable revenue and other budgetary limits.

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

[SIGNATURE PAGE OF RESOLUTION TO SET MILL LEVIES]

RESOLUTION APPROVED AND ADOPTED on October 24, 2022.

**HOMETOWN METROPOLITAN
DISTRICT NO. 2**

By: *Audrey Spaen*
President

Attest:

By: *Matthew Smith*
Secretary

EXHIBIT 1

Certification of Tax Levies

CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES, continued

THIS SECTION APPLIES TO TITLE 32, ARTICLE 1 SPECIAL DISTRICTS THAT LEVY TAXES FOR PAYMENT OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT (32-1-1603 C.R.S.). Taxing entities that are

Special Districts or Subdistricts of Special Districts must certify separate mill levies and revenues to the Board of County Commissioners, one each for the funding requirements of each debt (32-1-1603, C.R.S.) Use additional pages as necessary. The Special District's or Subdistrict's total levies for general obligation bonds and total levies for contractual obligations should be recorded on Page 1, Lines 3 and 4 respectively.

CERTIFY A SEPARATE MILL LEVY FOR EACH BOND OR CONTRACT:

BONDS^J:

1.	Purpose of Issue:	\$800,000 General Obligation Bonds
	Series:	2010
	Date of Issue:	May 3, 2010
	Coupon Rate:	6.75%
	Maturity Date:	December 1, 2034
	Levy:	20.000
	Revenue:	\$54,162

2.	Purpose of Issue:	
	Series:	
	Date of Issue:	
	Coupon Rate:	
	Maturity Date:	
	Levy:	
	Revenue:	

CONTRACTS^K:

3.	Purpose of Contract:	
	Title:	
	Date:	
	Principal Amount:	
	Maturity Date:	
	Levy:	
	Revenue:	

4.	Purpose of Contract:	
	Title:	
	Date:	
	Principal Amount:	
	Maturity Date:	
	Levy:	
	Revenue:	

Use multiple copies of this page as necessary to separately report all bond and contractual obligations per 32-1-1603, C.R.S.

Notes:

^A **Taxing Entity**—A jurisdiction authorized by law to impose ad valorem property taxes on taxable property located within its territorial limits (please see notes B, C, and H below). For purposes of the DLG 70 only, a taxing entity is also a geographic area formerly located within a *taxing entity's* boundaries for which the county assessor certifies a valuation for assessment and which is responsible for payment of its share until retirement of financial obligations incurred by the *taxing entity* when the area was part of the *taxing entity*. For example: an area of excluded property formerly within a special district with outstanding general obligation debt at the time of the exclusion or the area located within the former boundaries of a dissolved district whose outstanding general obligation debt service is administered by another local government^C.

^B **Governing Body**—The board of county commissioners, the city council, the board of trustees, the board of directors, or the board of any other entity that is responsible for the certification of the *taxing entity's* mill levy. For example: the board of county commissioners is the governing board ex officio of a county public improvement district (PID); the board of a water and sanitation district constitutes ex officio the board of directors of the water subdistrict.

^C **Local Government** - For purposes of this line on Page 1 of the DLG 70, the local government is the political subdivision under whose authority and within whose boundaries the *taxing entity* was created. The local government is authorized to levy property taxes on behalf of the *taxing entity*. For example, for the purposes of this form:

1. a municipality is both the local government and the *taxing entity* when levying its own levy for its entire jurisdiction;
2. a city is the local government when levying a tax on behalf of a business improvement district (BID) *taxing entity* which it created and whose city council is the BID board;
3. a fire district is the local government if it created a subdistrict, the *taxing entity*, on whose behalf the fire district levies property taxes.
4. a town is the local government when it provides the service for a dissolved water district and the town board serves as the board of a dissolved water district, the *taxing entity*, for the purpose of certifying a levy for the annual debt service on outstanding obligations.

^D **GROSS Assessed Value** - There will be a difference between gross assessed valuation and net assessed valuation reported by the county assessor only if there is a “tax increment financing” entity (see below), such as a downtown development authority or an urban renewal authority, within the boundaries of the *taxing entity*. The board of county commissioners certifies each *taxing entity's* total mills upon the *taxing entity's* Gross Assessed Value found on Line 2 of Form DLG 57.

^E **Certification of Valuation by County Assessor, Form DLG 57** - The county assessor(s) uses this form (or one similar) to provide valuation for assessment information to a *taxing entity*. The county assessor must provide this certification no later than August 25th each year and may amend it, one time, prior to December 10th.

^F **TIF Area**—A downtown development authority (DDA) or urban renewal authority (URA), may form plan areas that use “tax increment financing” to derive revenue from increases in assessed valuation (gross minus net, Form DLG 57 Line 3) attributed to the activities/improvements within the plan area. The DDA or URA receives the differential revenue of each overlapping *taxing entity's* mill levy applied against the *taxing entity's* gross assessed value after subtracting the *taxing entity's* revenues derived from its mill levy applied against the net assessed value.

^G **NET Assessed Value**—The total taxable assessed valuation from which the *taxing entity* will derive revenues for its uses. It is found on Line 4 of Form DLG 57.

^H **General Operating Expenses (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 1)**—The levy and accompanying revenue reported on Line 1 is for general operations and includes, in aggregate, all levies for and revenues raised by a *taxing entity* for purposes not lawfully exempted and detailed in Lines 3 through 7 on Page 1 of the DLG 70. For example: a fire pension levy is included in general operating expenses, unless the pension is voter-approved, if voter-approved, use Line 7 (Other).

^I Temporary Tax Credit for Operations (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 2)—The Temporary General Property Tax Credit/ Temporary Mill Levy Rate Reduction of 39-1-111.5, C.R.S. may be applied to the *taxing entity's* levy for general operations to effect refunds. Temporary Tax Credits (TTCs) are not necessary for other types of levies (non-general operations) certified on this form because these levies are adjusted from year to year as specified by the provisions of any contract or schedule of payments established for the payment of any obligation incurred by the *taxing entity* per 29-1-301(1.7), C.R.S., or they are certified as authorized at election per 29-1-302(2)(b), C.R.S.

^J General Obligation Bonds and Interest (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 3)—Enter on this line the total levy required to pay the annual debt service of all general obligation bonds. Per 29-1-301(1.7) C.R.S., the amount of revenue levied for this purpose cannot be greater than the amount of revenue required for such purpose as specified by the provisions of any contract or schedule of payments. Title 32, Article 1 Special districts and subdistricts must complete Page 2 of the DLG 70.

^K Contractual Obligation (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 4)—If repayment of a contractual obligation with property tax has been approved at election and it is not a general obligation bond (shown on Line 3), the mill levy is entered on this line. Per 29-1-301(1.7) C.R.S., the amount of revenue levied for this purpose cannot be greater than the amount of revenue required for such purpose as specified by the provisions of any contract or schedule of payments.

^L Capital Expenditures (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 5)—These revenues are not subject to the statutory property tax revenue limit if they are approved by counties and municipalities through public hearings pursuant to 29-1-301(1.2) C.R.S. and for special districts through approval from the Division of Local Government pursuant to 29-1-302(1.5) C.R.S. or for any *taxing entity* if approved at election. Only levies approved by these methods should be entered on Line 5.

^M Refunds/Abatements (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 6)—The county assessor reports on the Certification of Valuation (DLG 57 Line 11) the amount of revenue from property tax that the local government did not receive in the prior year because taxpayers were given refunds for taxes they had paid or they were given abatements for taxes originally charged to them due to errors made in their property valuation. The local government was due the tax revenue and would have collected it through an adjusted mill levy if the valuation errors had not occurred. Since the government was due the revenue, it may levy, in the subsequent year, a mill to collect the refund/abatement revenue. An abatement/refund mill levy may generate revenues up to, but not exceeding, the refund/abatement amount from Form DLG 57 Line 11.

1. Please Note: If the *taxing entity* is in more than one county, as with all levies, the abatement levy must be uniform throughout the entity's boundaries and certified the same to each county. To calculate the abatement/refund levy for a *taxing entity* that is located in more than one county, first total the abatement/refund amounts reported by each county assessor, then divide by the *taxing entity's* total net assessed value, then multiply by 1,000 and round down to the nearest three decimals to prevent levying for more revenue than was abated/refunded. This results in an abatement/refund mill levy that will be uniformly certified to all of the counties in which the *taxing entity* is located even though the abatement/refund did not occur in all the counties.

^N Other (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 7)—Report other levies and revenue not subject to 29-1-301 C.R.S. that were not reported above. For example: a levy for the purposes of television relay or translator facilities as specified in sections 29-7-101, 29-7-102, and 29-7-105 and 32-1-1005 (1) (a), C.R.S.; a voter-approved fire pension levy; a levy for special purposes such as developmental disabilities, open space, etc.

I, Matt Smith, hereby certify that I am the duly appointed Secretary of the Hometown Metropolitan District No. 2, and that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the Certification of Mill Levies for the budget year 2023, duly adopted at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hometown Metropolitan District No. 2 held on October 24, 2022.

Matthew Smith

Secretary